

GERMANS RUSH HEAVY FORCES TO ANTWERP TO CRUSH BELGIAN FLANK MOVEMENTS

RHEIMS CATHEDRAL ORDERED SPARED, IS GERMAN REPLY

France, With Historic Church in Ashes, Prepares Protest to Powers—Priest Saved Teuton Prisoners.

BERLIN (By way of The Hague), Sept. 21.

The bombardment of Rheims was necessary because the heaviest French fire was coming from the direction of the city, an official statement issued by the War Office today declared. It is stated that orders were issued that the cathedral should spare the cathedral of Notre Dame which dates back to the 13th century, and which is reported destroyed.

President Poincaré today directed a formal protest to all neutral Powers against the destruction of the historic cathedral of Rheims by the German artillery. The bombardment is declared to have been conducted "for the sole pleasure of destroying."

The protest of the French Government states:

"The German troops, without military necessity, but for the sole pleasure of destroying, subjected the Rheims cathedral to a systematic and furious bombardment. The famous basilica is now a mass of ruins.

"The Government denounced the 'revolt of the cathedrals' and declared it should arouse the indignation of the world.

Destruction of the historic cathedral of Notre Dame, officially announced by the Minister of the Interior, Louis J. Malvy, has stirred France, and the Government is preparing to make protests to all the Powers against the destruction of ancient buildings.

Other historic edifices destroyed or ruined are the 13th century church of St. Jacques, the 13th century Archbishop's palace and the City Hall, erected in the 15th century.

On Thursday the Germans were throwing shells into Rheims from batteries stationed six miles north of the city. Then they moved to the eastward, getting an elevated position commanding the city.

The cathedral of Notre Dame had been turned into a hospital and a Red Cross flag was flying from the roof. Inside were about 500 wounded German prisoners.

The first shots splintered the windows and fragments of glass fell in showers upon the wounded soldiers, who lay on bundles of straw under the eaves. It soon became apparent that the Germans were making a target of the cathedral for the shrapnel began crashing through the roof and walls at regular intervals.

Of the wounded prisoners inside, at least 150 suffered further wounds as a result of the bombardment of the building. Four hundred inmates of the town are reported to have been killed by German shell fire.

At times the city would be on fire in a dozen different places and at night it made a grand but awful sight to watch the shifting glare of red above the town and the flaming shells, sounding like meteors, into the burning city. At times a shrapnel struck a burning building, millions of sparks would float upward through the smoke.

The population began to flee on Thursday, leaving a big city of 100,000 souls. All day Friday, Saturday and Sunday the exodus went on. The fugitives carried their portable effects and most of their belongings in their hands, the thought of leaving their homes at the mercy of the German artillery.

Although the historic edifice had been pumiled by shells all day Friday and Saturday, the cathedral was still standing. More than 50 shells fell around the cathedral yesterday.

Buildings in different quarters of the city were flaming and the wind was carrying the fire from street to street when it struck the roof of some scaffolding on the eastern end of the church where workmen had been making some repairs. Soon the whole network of poles and planks was burning brightly.

Then the old wooden timbers of the roof began flaming and the nave and transept began to burn.

Within a short time the upper part of the cathedral was a roaring furnace. Blazing pieces of curved woodwork were dropping to the floor, setting fire to the straw upon which the wounded German soldiers were lying. Then the pannels and altars caught fire. Next the pews and other furniture were in flames.

The German wounded, practically all of whom were in various stages of their feet, began calling piteously for help.

"Save us! Save us!" cried the wounded men, stretching weakly to crawl from their perilous position in the straw.

The French doctors and nurses at once began the work of carrying these helpless captives from the building. Some of the Germans were able to crawl.

One of the wounded men was a priest, who was shouting and begging for help. When they caught sight of the German uniforms they made him various cries of denunciation.

"Kill them!" cried the angry French. One French soldier leveled his gun at a wounded German officer. The other soldiers in the crowd hoisted their rifles to their shoulders and for a moment it looked as though there would be a wholesale slaughter of wounded Germans.

Suddenly a little priest, Alde Andrieux by name, stepped in front of the leveled rifles and held up his hands.

"Do not shoot them, my friends," he cried.

Just then a German shell struck the wall of the cathedral and the priest was shown by dirt and mud, the bursting of a shrapnel drenched his voice, but his lips could be seen moving.

"Kill them!" screamed the mob again, cursing the priest and shaking their fists. A few women in the crowd hauled in their rage and spat upon the wounded soldiers as they were carried through the throng to a hospital.

"Don't fire," cried the little priest again. "You would make yourselves as guilty as they are."

The priest was one never to be forgotten as that calm-faced priest, fulfilling the duties of his holy office, stood bravely before the rifles of his countrymen with the sound of gunfire in his ears, protecting the enemies of his country. The serious injury was inflicted on the Germans.

CROWN PRINCE ESCAPES CAPTURE BY FRENCH

Moved His Headquarters One Hour Before Arrival of Enemy.

BEHIND THE ALLIES' LINES IN FRANCE, Sept. 21.

It is reported that the German Kaiser came to Montmédy and penetrated into French territory with the hope of establishing himself in one of the conquered towns, but the retreat of his army on the Marne compelled him to beat a hasty retreat.

From a wounded French soldier who corresponded from the front, the Crown Prince himself was narrowly escaped being taken a prisoner in a French chateau. The soldier reports that he and his comrades missed what would have been one of the finest captures of the war. They had feared that the Crown Prince was in a small chateau near Paris, and at once set out in the hope of taking him prisoner.

They reached the chateau, but, to their regret, found it empty.

The Crown Prince had left only an hour before for Sainte Menohould, whence he again decamped to move his headquarters further north.

BALKAN STATES EAGER FOR EARLY ENTRY INTO WAR

Germany Admits Inability to Obtain Their Aid Against Allies—Rumania Waits for Expected Change of Italian Neutrality.

ROME, Sept. 21.

Entry of Rumania into the European war is believed imminent. The strictest censorship has been established in that country, but the report has reached here that Germany has acknowledged inability to persuade Rumania to join with the Austrian-German forces and that the German Minister has been recalled from Bucharest.

It is believed here Rumania will cast her lot with the allies because of her chance of acquiring Transylvania, a part of Hungary which is more than half peopled with Rumanians and which she has long coveted. The Rumanian army had been held ready for more than three weeks and military supplies have been requisitioned.

ROME, Sept. 21.

The greatest importance is attached by the French Government to the resignation of the Rumanian Cabinet, especially as it coincides with the sending of a mission from that country to confer with the Italian Government. This leads to the belief that the probability that Rumania is only awaiting a favorable opportunity to join with the allies against Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Rumania's attitude is best explained by Mr. Dismadov, one of the Rumanian delegates who is in Rome, and who is reported to have said that while Rumania is neutral at present, the Rumanians cannot permit any opportunity to pass which might enable them to obtain their national aims.

Bulgaria, too, is reported as showing signs of sympathy with Russia and a desire to go to the aid of the allies. As soon as the news of Russian victories was made public many demonstrations against Austria were made.

The result of the mission from Rumania is likely to be of great importance. It is the general opinion among French Government officials that sooner or later the neutral policy of Italy will be given way to one of active cooperation with the allies.

The Balkan States are in sympathy with the allies and only await a favorable opportunity to open hostilities against Austria. They already have made a compact to declare for the allies if Turkey comes to the aid of Germany and Austria. It is believed, however, that the Balkan States will hesitate to declare their neutrality.

WOMAN BEGS FOR TEETH BEING HELD AS EVIDENCE

Can't Wait Until Men Are Tried for Alleged Theft.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 21.—Soon by a steady diet calls on Mrs. Minnie Werner, a good, thick, toothless woman, born on the coast and who had a well-to-do husband who would make a welcome change.

Mrs. Werner's appetite is all that she could wish, and she makes a comfortable living from her store on the South State street, yet she has been obliged to subsist on invalid's diet for four months.

She has no teeth, and she has no money. She had been told by the State Attorney that she could not exhibit a woman who had no teeth.

The teeth were stolen from Edward J. Brown, of 618 South State street, where Mrs. Werner left them to be repaired. Walter Polanski and Frank Juraski were arrested as the burglars and the teeth were found in their possession.

When Mrs. Werner learned of the incident she went to Captain John Smith of Englewood station.

"I've been patient long enough," she declared. "I want my teeth, and I want them before I starve to death."

"Then I will get them from the State Attorney tomorrow," he said. Today Mrs. Werner will dine.

ARDMORE PARK

There are less than 150 lots at Ardmore Park—and, due to settling the Wood estate, any one of them at half price and less.

Homes, schools, churches, shops, high-class improvements; 3 stations on property. Ardmore Park is part of Ardmore—go by way of Phila. & Western from 69th St. Elevated Terminal in 5 minutes for a 9-cent fare, or by Ardmore trolley—get off at Ardmore Junction. Homes for sale at your own price—representatives on ground daily. But you must act quickly, while the opportunity is here!

Wood, Harmon & Co. 1437 CHESTNUT STREET

Our Tile, Slate, Metal and Slag Roofs Are Standard

Residential Work A Specialty. Crescent Compound keeps roofs watertight for five years, and is also guaranteed.

Real Estate Roofing Co. 2343-2349 Wallace St. Real Estate Roofing Co.

BULLET OF SERBIAN STUDENT PLUNGED EUROPE INTO WAR

Assassination of Austrian Crown Prince Severed Fragile Thread That Bound Continental Nations in Precarious Amity.

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Everybody knows that millions of men are lined up to kill each other, but the civilization which Europe has been slowly building up since the dark ages has been thrown to the winds, and that the situation is too big to either write or talk about intelligently. It will take 50 years for history books to give the news.

The answer for the little lead bullet from a revolver in the hands of a Serbian high-school boy. And this bullet probably would never have had its effect if an ordinary chauffeur had not lost his way in a little town in Bosnia. A little twist of a chauffeur's wrist, as he turned an automobile into a side street, when he should have remained on the main road, a little twitch of the right index finger on the trigger of a revolver in the hands of a high-school boy—they started this war in Europe.

It's hard to find enough to say about this one lead bullet. It went into the hand of an archduke as he rode in his automobile. It sped through the chambers of Europe. It circled about thrones. It entered the bed chambers of the world's kings, emperors or czars and drove sleep from the eyes of statesmen.

It sped into millions of homes and brought sorrow and death. Oceans of tears of women and little children it created. It sw into the bourgeois and money markets of the world and cut their nerves.

To understand the situation in Europe before this bullet was fired, imagine if you can, that every item of civilization—everything that is good, human, scientific, artistic, surgical, education, culture, peace—had all been done up into one huge package and hung by a slender thread over a deep precipice. For years this package has swung this way. The whole of war have often threatened it, but the statesmen of Europe have steadied it and have strengthened the hold and the thread has never snapped.

And then along speeds this one lead bullet, fired by a high school boy named Gabriel Princip. It cuts the rope. The crash will be heard throughout centuries.

It all happened on Sunday morning, June 28. It was playtime for the lords of Europe and they were making the most of it. They were in the various sections of mankind, their sight did not reach to that little faraway town in Bosnia. Chauffeurs and high school boys don't often topple thrones, and there are so many of them and they are so common that they cannot all be watched. But it would have well paid these lords of creation, and it would have well paid all humanity, this bright Sunday morning, to have kept their eyes on Serbia.

AUSTRIAN CROWN PRINCE SHOT. What's happening there seems a small enough at first. A little crowd of citizens go down to the depot to see a special train come in; it bears the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, who if he lives, will some day be Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary. He won't live three hours longer, but the crowds don't know that, neither do the Kings and Czars and Emperors of the world. With the Archduke in his wife. They have left their four little children at home in Vienna and have come to Sarajevo, a little town in Bosnia, to take a royal drive. Europe and all humanity might well keep their eyes fixed to the automobile which is to pass through the badly paved streets of Sarajevo at 10 o'clock in the morning.

First there is a bomb explosion. The automobile has thrown it. It doesn't hit the automobile, instead, it hits the elbow of the Archduke. It goes off a second later in the street some yards behind the royal car. The chauffeur, whose wrong twist of the wrist half an hour later is going to help launch Europe into the greatest war mankind has ever known, has put on speed and saved the royal pair. Destiny has decided that it be not at 10:10 in the morning that the

ADVENTURE, PATHOS, HUMOR FROM SCENES OF NATIONS' WAR

Government telegraphers at either end of the Berlin-Rome telegraph wire were waiting it, by gossiping over the line. "What news?" asked the Rome operator. "Well he is in Paris in two days," answered the German. The Italian responded with the first verse of the Marseillaise, and was promptly suspended.

"I could not stand to see your English face," was the reason given to an English woman when she was discharged from the position of governess to a German family in Berlin.

Posters announcing conditions under which the annual international baby show at Folkstone, Eng., will be held, contain the following line in large black type: "Germans and Austrians not eligible in contest."

BULLET BRINGS WAIVES WIVES. "Look Europe! Look, all humanity! Turn your eyes from the altars of the churches where you are worshipping this Sunday morning, or stop your Sunday holiday playing and watch and listen."

The way an orator or a historian might describe this moment 109 years from now. Just an ordinary chauffeur has made an ordinary mistake. The side street is roughly paved. The car must go slowly. The street is narrow. Gabriel Princip stands there. Just as if destiny itself had its hand on the wrist of the auto driver, the car slows up as it nears Princip. The bullet flies. It enters the Archduke's head and kills him. It also killed the peace of Europe, but the Kings and czars and emperors of Europe don't know it yet. All of them feel sorry for the little child who has lost his father in the palace at Vienna. Emperor William of Germany and his wife telegraph to the little children. "We are so sorry and want to express to you children our hearts' blood. To have spent such happy hours with you and your parents only two weeks ago and now to think that you are plunged into this immeasurable sorrow."

The Emperor didn't know then that a million times four children probably would be plunged into the flight of that one lead bullet had died away.

GIRL'S PLEA OPENS PRISON

Secures Release of Her Fiance, a Federal General.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 21.—Elizabeth Woods, a cousin of Speaker Champ Clark, succeeded yesterday in securing the release from Santiago prison of her fiance, General Jimenez Castro. Castro was arrested 10 days ago, with execution apparently ahead of him. Miss Woods came up from Vera Cruz and besought Secretary Silliman's aid and insisted on an interview with Carranza. She got Castro's case before the president of Constitutionalists despite repeated discouragements, and finally, through the intercession of Luis Cabrera and J. H. Belt, Secretary Silliman yesterday secured the release of Castro before the effect of the previous document giving Castro his liberty.

Castro is one of the bravest and best-known of the Federal generals. His arrest by the Constitutionalists had been a great surprise, owing to Castro's prominence in opposing ex-President Huerta.

Do You? Most purchasers expect their Lighting Fixture to last the rest of their life.

Avoid then the goods in which the greatest effort has been to make them as cheaply as possible; cheap goods are finally the dearest.

Over 30 year' experience is our guarantee of first-class, well-made fixtures.

The Horn & Brannen Mfg. Co. Showrooms and Workshops 427-433 North Broad Street A few minutes from City Hall.

SUNDAY OUTINGS

From Market Street Wharf \$1.00 Atlantic City, 7:30 a. m.; Wilmington, 8:00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 8:30 a. m.; Baltimore, 9:00 a. m.; Washington, 9:30 a. m.; New York, 10:00 a. m. Return fares same.

From Broad Street Station \$2.00 Baltimore, 7:55 a. m.; Washington, 8:30 a. m.; Philadelphia, 9:00 a. m.; New York, 9:30 a. m. Return fares same.

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FIGHT TO END, "PEACE" ATTITUDE OF KAISER

Germany Thinking Only of War, Says Berlin Newspaper.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 21.

A dispatch from Berlin quotes the Nord Deutsche Zeitung as follows regarding the conversations for peace reported to have taken place: "According to a report from Washington, the German Ambassador is stated to have declared that Germany was inclined to make peace on a basis which would restore German territory remaining intact.

"Such reports are calculated to give the impression that Germany, notwithstanding the victories of its armies in both the West and East, is exhausted. "Germany at the moment is not thinking in any way of peace and it may be well to repeat that Germany has but one purpose—to fight to the end this war which has been recklessly thrust upon us."

COMMON PARAFFIN OIL GOOD FOR POLISHING FURNITURE

Costs Only Twenty Cents a Pint and Lasts Long.

Few women know the excellent properties of common paraffin oil as a substitute for furniture polish. It is only 20 cents a pint, and a pint will last for a very long time. A small quantity of the oil should be used and then the furniture smartly rubbed and polished with a dry cloth. The greasy streaks that so often come on highly polished furniture will quickly vanish under this treatment, and, in the matter of cost, there will be a tremendous saving in the use of paraffin oil instead of expensive polishes.

The following is an excellent way to clean a mangle machine. It is very difficult to dry the inside, therefore, it is best to grind pieces of stale bread through it. In this manner all the grease will be quickly collected, and the pieces of fat and skin which invariably cling to the small rollers will soon be carried off. Then carefully wipe with a clean cloth.

CALL FOR WELSH TROOPS

Complete Corps Being Organized by Lloyd-George.

LONDON, Sept. 21.

David Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, today headed a movement to organize a complete army corps from Wales.

Recruiting has progressed rapidly in Wales, but heretofore the men have been distributed among the regular British forces.

Joseph G. Darlington & Co.

Founded 1837

"Men Make the Times, Not Times the Man"

In our policy to MAKE USE OF TIME and LET NOT ADVANTAGE SLIP, we have prepared extensively for a large season's business, and our stocks of New, Fresh Merchandise are almost better than ever before at the beginning of an Autumn season. In spite of the war conditions in Europe, we have received the bulk of our expected importations, through the heroic efforts of our Paris organization; therefore

SMARTNESS AND APPROPRIATENESS

Will Be, as Usual, the Keynote and Mark of Distinction Characteristic of Our Stocks, and Which Invariably Commends This Store to the Discriminating.

In Addition to Our Regular Autumn Openings in All Departments We Announce the Following Extensions and Improvements Now Complete

A NEW DEPARTMENT FOR MOURNING, Third Floor, in which a collection of Suits, Gowns, Millinery, Veilings, Gloves and Accessories expressly made for mourning purposes will be arranged for ready inspection. A competent attendant will take charge of a complete order ready to wear or made to order in our own workrooms.

MATINEES, NEGLIGES AND BUDOIR APPAREL have been removed to the Second Floor, immediately adjoining Muslim Underwear and Lingerie Department.

CORSETS are directly connected to this section and are in greatly enlarged and more attractive surroundings than heretofore.

DRESS GOODS of wool and silk-and-wool in the colored materials are on the First Floor centre, west side, and a permanent Cotton and Wash Dress Goods section immediately adjoins.

THE NOTION DEPARTMENT has been greatly enlarged and improved.

Darlington Silks for September

Early arrangements through our Paris office for Fall Silks have placed this house as one of the few to show the correct model weaves.

The ideas advanced by Paris houses at the commencement of the model season are shown here in the correct weaves, and draped in reproduction of those shown by famous dressmakers.

Weaves in Silks and Velvets as follows: Moire Gache, Chutedo, Moire Lyonaise, Velour Chiffon, Diamantina, Roman Bengaline, Victoria, Satin Algeria, Crepe Pretmet, Faille Soffi, Printed Crepe Chinois, Eyetta, Crepe Duvet, Moire Gresil, Printed Warp Taffeta

New colors advanced for Fall and Winter wear—Tete de Negre, Graphite, Grape, Bordeaux and Midnight.

Black Silks from abroad and American mills with the guarantee of pure dye and fast color.

ADVANCE SHOWING FROM American and Foreign Fashion Sources Ready to Wear Apparel for Women, Misses and Children

WOMEN'S OUTER GARMENTS embrace beautifully Tailored Suits of Gabardine, Cheviot and Broadcloth. More DRESSY SUITS of Velveteen, Chiffon Velvet, Broadcloth and Peau de

Souris.

Included Are Special Models for Small Women AFTERNOON, DINNER and THEATRE GOWNS, of Satin Moire, Chiffon Velvet and Charmeuse.

DANCING FROCKS of Lace, Net, Chiffon, Crepe de Chine and Crepe Metecor.

COATS of every description, suitable for all purposes, MOTOR COATS of English Tweed and STREET COATS of Duveltyne, Velour, Zibeline. EVENING WRAPS of Faille, Bengaline and Velvet.

"Cording Coats" Imported English Waterproof Coats from the celebrated makers, J. C. Cording & Co., Ltd. The exclusive sale of these Coats is confined to this Store.

Enlarged Blouse Department SMART BLOUSES in EXCLUSIVE MODELS, COPIES FROM LATEST PARISIAN STYLES, also Tailored Waists adapted to the prevailing modes of dress.

Children's and Young Girls' Dresses and Coats Special attention is directed to our assortment for school wear, in Serges, Checks and Plaids, in wool and cotton materials, at moderate price, including the new Gingham styles.

1126-1128 Chestnut Street